STATE OF SOUTH CAROL	LINA)	BEFOR	r THE
(Caption of Case))	PUBLIC SERVICE	
(Caption of Case))	OF SOUTH (
Lisa Lochbaum)		
Complainant/Petitione	er,	COVER	SHEET
)		
v.)	DOCKET	00 144
Utilities Services of South Ca	rolina.	NUMBER: 2009 -	<u>39</u> _ <u>W</u>
Defendant/Responden	, ·		
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Submitted by: Benjamin P.	Mustian, Esquire	SC Bar Number: 68269	- Nam
Address: Post Office Box 84	116	Telephone: <u>252-3300</u>	
Address: Post Office Box 84	+10	Fax: <u>771-2410</u>)
Columbia, SC 292	02	Other:	
		Email: bmustian@willough	byhoefer.com
	ation contained herein neither replaces quired for use by the Public Service Co		
be filled out completely.	•		
Γ	OCKETING INFORMA	TION (Check all that apply)	
	Re	equest for item to be placed on	Commission's Agenda
Emergency Relief demande	ed in petition \square ex	peditiously	
X Other:			
INDUSTRY (Check one)	NATUR	E OF ACTION (Check all th	at apply)
Electric	Affidavit	Letter	Request
☐ Electric/Gas	Agreement	Memorandum	Request for Certification
Electric/Telecommunications	Answer	Motion	Request for Investigation
Electric/Water	Appellate Review	Objection	Resale Agreement
Electric/Water/Telecom.	Application	Petition	Resale Amendment
Electric/Water/Sewer	☐ Brief	Petition for Reconsideration	Reservation Letter
Gas	Certificate	Petition for Rulemaking	Response
Railroad	Comments	Petition for Rule to Show Cause	Response to Discovery
Sewer	Complaint	Petition to Intervene	Return to Petition
Telecommunications	Consent Order	Petition to Intervene Out of Time	Stipulation
Transportation	Discovery	Prefiled Testimony	Subpoena
⋉ Water	Exhibit	Promotion	☐ Tariff
☐ Water/Sewer	Expedited Consideration	Proposed Order	Other:
Administrative Matter	Interconnection Agreement	Protest	. Arti
Other:	Interconnection Amendment	Publisher's Affidavit	Marine Committee
		-	
	Late-Filed Exhibit	Report	
	Late-Filed Exhibit	Report	

WILLOUGHBY & HOEFER, P.A.

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS AT LAW
930 RICHLAND STREET
P.O. BOX 8416
COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA 29202-8416

MITCHELL M. WILLOUGHBY JOHN M.S. HOEFER RANDOLPH R. LOWELL ELIZABETH ZECK* BENJAMIN P. MUSTIAN MICHAEL R. BURCHSTEAD ANDREW J. MACLEOD AREA CODE 803 TELEPHONE 252-3300 TELECOPIER 256-8062

> TRACEY C. GREEN ALAN WILSON SPECIAL COUNSEL

*ALSO ADMITTED IN TX

July 6, 2009

VIA FIRST CLASS MAIL

The Honorable Charles L.A. Terreni Chief Clerk/Administrator Public Service Commission of South Carolina Post Office Box 11649 Columbia, South Carolina 29211

RE: Lisa Lochbaum, Complainant/Petitioner v. Utilities Services of South Carolina, Inc., Defendant/ Respondent. Docket No.: 2009-39-W

Dear Mr. Terreni:

Enclosed for filing on behalf of Utilities Services of South Carolina, Inc. are the original and twenty-five (25) copies of the Direct Testimony of Bruce T. Haas and the Conditional Direct Testimony of Bruce T. Haas in the above-referenced matter. By copy of this letter, I am serving a copy of these documents upon the parties of record and enclose a Certificate of Service to that effect.

I would appreciate your acknowledging receipt of these documents by date-stamping the extra copies that are enclosed and returning the same to me via our courier.

If you have any questions, or if you need any additional information, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Carlotte Commence

Sincerely,

WILLOUGHBY & HOEFER, P.A.

Benjamin P. Mustian

BPM/cf Enclosures

Jeffrey M. Nelson, Esquire Lisa Lochbaum cc:

BEFORE

THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF

SOUTH CAROLINA

DOCKET NO. 2009-39-W

IN RE:

Lisa	Lochbaum,	
	Complainant/Petitioner	DIRECT TESTIMONY OF
	V.	BRUCE T. HAAS
Utili	ties Services of South Carolina, Inc.,)
	Defendant/Respondent.)) _)
Q.	WOULD YOU PLEASE STATE Y	YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS?
A.	My name is Bruce T. Haas, a	nd my business address is 110 Queen Parkway, West
	Columbia, South Carolina 29169.	
Q.	WHERE ARE YOU EMPLOYED	AND IN WHAT CAPACITY?
A.	I am Regional Director of Op	perations for Utilities Services of South Carolina, Inc.
	("USSC") for South Carolina and for	six other operating subsidiaries of Utilities, Inc. ("UI"),
	four of which are in South Carolina ar	nd two of which are in Georgia.
Q.	HOW LONG HAVE YOU BEEN	N EMPLOYED IN THE WATER AND SEWER
	UTILITY INDUSTRY?	
Α.	Approximately 31 years.	

Q. WHAT IS YOUR EDUCATIONAL AND PROFESSIONAL BACKGROUND?

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I first began my employment as a meter reader and maintenance worker in 1978 by Lake Holiday Utilities, Corp., which is also a subsidiary of the Company's parent, UI. During the next several years, I was promoted to Operator and Operating Manager positions for a number of UI subsidiary systems, while earning various water and wastewater licenses in Illinois and Ohio, including the highest levels of water treatment and wastewater treatment licenses from the Illinois EPA. I eventually became the Area Manager for the Peoria, Illinois region, overseeing the water and wastewater facilities in this area. In 1989, I transferred to Charlotte, North Carolina where I accepted the position of Area Manager for several areas for Carolina Water Service, Inc. of North Carolina, a sister subsidiary of the Company, a job I also performed for the Company which involved operations of the River Hills and Tega Cay Systems in York County, South Carolina. I was eventually promoted to Regional Manager while in Charlotte. During this time I also obtained various water and wastewater licenses in Water Treatment, Water Distribution, Wastewater Collection, and Backflow/Cross-Connection certifications from the State of North Carolina and took night courses in Civil Engineering Technology. I also hold the highest levels of water and wastewater certifications for Water Treatment, Water Distribution, Wastewater Treatment and Wastewater Collection from the State of South Carolina. Additionally, I have successfully completed the utility regulation seminar sponsored by NARUC. In 2002, I was promoted to my current position as Regional Director and given responsibility for the Company's systems in South Carolina, along with two subsidiary companies located in Georgia. However, the majority of my time is spent working on issues pertaining to the Company's South Carolina systems.

Q. WHAT ARE YOUR DUTIES WITH USSC?

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A. I am responsible for making sure our customers receive the best possible service. As such, I am responsible for all operating personnel, facilities, maintenance and capital projects. I oversee all customer relations issues including resolution of customer complaints. In addition, I am responsible for communications with state and federal regulators, including state utility commissions and environmental authorities as well as other operational issues. In this capacity, I assist USSC with proceedings before the Public Service Commission of South Carolina ("Commission") and most recently presented testimony on the Company's behalf in its rate filings in Docket Nos. 2005-217-WS and 2007-286-WS.

10 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING, MR. 11 HAAS?

12 A. The purpose of my testimony is to respond to the direct testimony of Ms. Lisa

13 Lochbaum filed in support of her complaint against the company.

14 Q. WHAT IS YOUR UNDERSTANDING OF THE ISSUES RAISED BY MRS. 15 LOCHBAUM IN THIS PROCEEDING?

I understand Ms. Lochbaum's direct testimony to raise concerns about the Company's billing procedures, the provision in its Commission approved rate schedule pertaining to the pass-through of bulk water costs incurred by the Company, unaccounted for water in USSC's water system serving Dutchman Shores subdivision, and the allocation of shared expenses between USSC and UI's other South Carolina water and sewer utilities.

Q. WHAT COMMENTS DO YOU HAVE REGARDING MS. LOCHBAUM'S TESTIMONY ADDRESSED TO DELAYED BILLING OF HER ACCOUNT?

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First, let me state that USSC, I and all other Company employees regret very much any inconvenience delayed billing has caused for Ms. Lochbaum and other customers. We also regret the fact that delayed billing has caused this proceeding to be brought before the Commission. I would add, however, that the delayed billing problem arose out a wellintended effort. Specifically, and as the Commission is aware, USSC recently converted to a new computer software and hardware system pursuant to the recommendation made in the Management Audit conducted of UI and its subsidiaries by Schumacher and Company at the request of ORS. One feature of the new computer operating system, which USSC brought on line on June 2, 2008, is a program called "Customer Care and Billing" ("CCB") that handles all of the customer consumption and billing functions. In the transition to CCB from USSC's prior billing system, an error occurred in the billings to Ms. Lochbaum and certain other USSC customers. The nature of the error was two-fold. First, because the CCB program contained no historic consumption data, it was necessary to estimate consumption for the initial billing to customers under CCB where an actual meter reading was not available. Unfortunately, the program parameters for estimation set up for the initial billing were set too low. As a result, many of the customers of jurisdictional utilities that are subsidiaries of UI, including USSC, received bills for service rendered in June and July with estimated amounts of water consumption that were significantly less than the actual amounts of water consumption. Second, it appears that errors in the bar coding of June and July bill envelopes may have prevented the postal service from reading the bar codes on bills issued

on behalf of UI entities, primarily in South Carolina. UI has since removed the bar code which seems to have alleviated the problem. Ms. Lochbaum was one of the affected customers, and she received no statement in July for June service and no statement in August for July service. As a result, Ms. Lochbaum was undercharged for water service provided in June and July of 2008.

Α.

Upon discovering these errors, a letter was sent to customers informing them of the error and providing them with information regarding the nature of the error, how it might have affected them, steps being taken to address the effects of the error, assurances that no customer would be penalized as a result of the error, and apologizing for any inconvenience caused by the error. A copy of this letter is attached to my testimony as Exhibit "A". As it reflects, this letter also offered a direct means of contact with the President of USSC's parent company so that customers could provide feedback to him.

Q. HAS USSC NOW BILLED MS. LOCHBAUM FOR THESE UNDERRECOVERED CHARGES?

Yes. Under Commission Regulation R.103-733.3, USSC is permitted to recover inadvertent undercharges over the period of time in which the undercharges occurred which, in the case of Ms. Lochbaum, would have been only two months. USSC chose, however, to offer twelve-month deferred payment plans to any customers who asserted that recovery of the amount of the undercharge over the normal period contemplated by the rule would create a hardship upon them. USSC's records reflect that Ms. Lochbaum took advantage of that offer and has paid the amount of the undercharge over a twelve month period. USSC has worked, and will continue to work, closely with ORS to address the effect of the billing

problems occasioned by the computer error to ensure that no customer suffers economic hardship as a result of the transition of USSC's billing system to CCB.

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Q. WHAT IS YOUR UNDERSTANDING OF MS. LOCHBAUM'S TESTIMONY REGARDING THE PASS-THROUGH PROVISION OF USSC'S RATE SCHEDULE?

I understand Ms. Lochbaum to be asserting that USSC is not employing the passthrough provision of its rate schedule in a manner consistent with Commission orders because we pass through to customers the entire cost of bulk water instead of adjusting our approved water service rates for any increase in bulk water costs.

DO YOU AGREE WITH HER ASSERTION IN THAT REGARD?

No, I do not. I believe it is important to first explain how the water rate schedule approved by the Commission for USSC in Docket Number 2005-217-WS is structured and operates with respect to charges rendered to two different types of residential water customers – those who receive water that is supplied from wells owned by USSC and those who receive water supplied by bulk providers. For all customers, USSC is authorized to recover a basic facilities charge, or "BFC." The BFC is a minimum monthly charge that recovers a portion of the fixed costs of utility service such that each customer pays a share of the cost of the water facilities necessary to provide service. All customers also pay a commodity charge, but the amount differs depending on the type of customer. The commodity charge for customers whose water is supplied by USSC is based upon each customer's consumption and is designed to recover costs associated with the production, treatment and transmission of the water supplied.

In certain of our water systems, USSC distributes water purchased from bulk

suppliers, which are typically governmental entities such as municipalities, counties or special purpose districts. For customers like Ms. Lochbaum who receive bulk supplied water, USSC is authorized to collect a commodity charge related to its costs incurred in distributing the bulk water. This commodity charge is lower than that imposed on customers who are supplied water from USSC's wells. In addition to the BFC and this "reduced" commodity charge, USSC is also allowed to pass through directly to these customers the costs of the bulk water on a pro rata basis without markup. These charges are set out in "Charges for Water Distribution Only" portion of Section 1 of USSC's water rate schedule approved by the Commission in Order Number 2006-22. We refer to customers charged under this portion of our rate schedule as "Distribution Only" customers. On our bills to customers, the pass-through amount is stated separately as the "water supply charge."

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Q. IS MS. LOCHBAUM CHARGED FOR WATER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS PROVISION OF THE COMPANY'S RATE SCHEDULE?

Yes. USSC charges Ms. Lochbaum and all of its other customers in Dutchman Shores Subdivision, the BFC, the distribution only customer commodity charge and a pro rata share of the charges incurred from the bulk supplier in accordance with this portion of the Company's Commission approved rate schedule.

Q. DOES USSC RECOVER ANY OF ITS COSTS FOR BULK WATER AS PART OF EITHER THE BFC OR THE COMMODITY CHARGE IMPOSED UPON "DISTRIBUTION ONLY" CUSTOMERS?

No, it does not. When the pass through provision approved by the Commission for use by USSC was placed into effect, the costs for bulk water obtained from governmental

suppliers were removed from expenses allowed to USSC for rate making purposes. As is reflected in the "reduced" commodity charge, these costs were removed from USSC's base rates and are not recovered through either the BFC or the distribution charge. The effect of this change in determining USSC's allowable expenses was that USSC began to recover the cost of bulk water directly from those customers receiving water supplied by bulk providers instead of USSC. While Ms. Lochbaum appears to suggest that a portion of the water supply charge is contained within the Company's base rates and that only increases in these charges should be recovered from the customers, this suggestion is simply incorrect and contrary to the clear language in USSC's Commission approved tariff.

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WHAT COMMENT DO YOU HAVE REGARDING MS. LOCHBAUM'S CONTENTION THAT USSC HAS NOT PROVIDED NOTICE WHEN BULK SUPPLIERS INCREASE THEIR CHARGES TO USSC?

I would respectfully disagree with Ms. Lochbaum to the extent that she is asserting that USSC has failed to notify the Commission when a bulk supplier has notified the Company of an increase in its bulk rates. Unfortunately, the only bulk supplier that has ever notified USSC of any increase since this provision of the Company's rate schedule became effective has been the City of West Columbia. In that instance, USSC informed both the Commission and the customers of the increase although the notice could not be given exactly as contemplated by Commission Order Number 2006-22 in Docket Number 2005-217-WS. This was because the City of West Columbia only provided USSC twenty-four days notice before the increase was to take effect. Additionally, USSC recently became aware that Hammond Water District ("Hammond") planned to increase its rates for bulk water supply;

however, Hammond failed to notify USSC of the pending increase. Once it learned of the rate change, USSC immediately notified the Commission and all of the affected customers in accordance with Order Number 2009-256.

4 Q. HAS THE COMPANY EXPERIENCED SIMILAR PROBLEMS WITH OTHER 5 BULK SUPPLIERS?

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Yes. In fact USSC has experienced similar notice problems with the City of Columbia which, as I previously stated, provides bulk water to USSC for the system serving Dutchman Shores Subdivision where Ms. Lochbaum resides and which has never provided USSC a notice of any increase in its bulk water charges.

Q. ARE YOU AWARE OF ANY EFFORTS TO ENCOURAGE USSC'S BULK SUPPLIERS TO PROVIDE ADVANCE NOTICE TO THE COMPANY OF INCREASES IN THEIR BULK RATES?

Yes. I am aware that, as a result of the abbreviated notice USSC received from the City of West Columbia, the Commission previously requested ORS to address the need for advance notice from governmental suppliers of bulk water of increases in their rates. According to its letter dated November 14, 2006, filed in Docket No. 2005-217-WS, ORS has mailed requests to each of the bulk suppliers serving USSC requesting that they provide sufficient notice of any increases in their bulk rates. This effort does not appear to have been successful to date, however, as is demonstrated by our experience with Hammond Water District and the City of Columbia. Since the bulk suppliers are governmental entities, it is my understanding that they are exempt from regulation by the Commission and therefore may not be required to provide such notice. Because of these difficulties, the Commission has

previously waived strict compliance with the requirements of Order Number 2006-22 in this
regard.

Q. MS. LOCHBAUM ASSERTS THAT THE DELAYED BILLING AND HIGH WATER PRESSURE ON THE DUTCHMAN SHORES SYSTEM RESULTED IN HIGHER THAN NORMAL WATER CONSUMPTION AT HER PROPERTY; WOULD YOU PLEASE COMMENT ON THAT?

7 A. I disagree that Ms. Lochbaum's high consumption is attributable to either of these factors.

WOULD YOU PLEASE ELABORATE?

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Yes. Regarding the pressure question, it is true that a test conducted at Ms. Lochbaum's residence at her request reflected water pressure in excess of one hundred twenty five pounds per square inch, or "PSI". I would note that this fact did not cause USSC to be "out of compliance" with Commission Regulation 103-774.A.2. This is so because, when the pressure was elevated, it was as a result of increases in pressure in the City of Columbia bulk water distribution system. The increased pressure in the City's system was caused by main breaks in its system which, when repaired, caused a malfunction in the City's water pump control valves. This, in turn, caused increase water pressure in the USSC system. These events were beyond USSC's control.

USSC cooperated fully with ORS in its investigation of the matter and provided to ORS documentation of the City's responsibility for the increased pressure and the steps taken by the City to address and correct the problem. In addition, USSC installed digital pressure recording devices at various locations in the Dutchman Shores Subdivision for the purpose of

testing pressure at 10%-15% of all service locations. The results of this testing were then submitted to ORS to provide it with a broad-based study of pressure levels in the subdivision. It is my understanding that ORS has since conducted separate meter accuracy tests at all service locations subjected to pressure testing. To USSC's knowledge, there are no current customer complaints regarding excess pressure in the Dutchman Shores Subdivision and I would point out that Ms. Lochbaum's testimony acknowledges that her water pressure is currently within normal limits.

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Furthermore, while Ms. Lochbaum states that "USSC seems to have remedied the water pressure issue," USSC believes that the resolution of any issues Ms. Lochbaum may have had with water pressure were also a direct result of her subsequent compliance with Lexington County Building Code Ordinance Section 1.4.4, incorporating Section 604 of the International Plumbing Code, a copy of which I have attached to my testimony as Exhibit "B". This ordinance states that a water pressure reducing valve is required in dwellings which are served by systems delivering water at a pressure of eighty PSI. As the Commission is aware, its regulations allow for normal pressure up to one hundred twentyfive PSI. During the time period in which Ms. Lochbaum complained of high water pressure, she did not have the required pressure reducing device installed at her home. However, as is evident from Exhibit A to her testimony, Ms. Lochbaum installed a pressure reducing device at her premises sometime on or after October 21, 2008. Therefore, to the extent that high water pressure could have caused high consumption, which we also dispute, the Company believes that Ms. Lochbaum bears responsibility because she did not have the pressure reducing device installed as required by Lexington County.

1 Q. HOW WOULD YOU CHARACTERIZE THE "NORMAL" LEVEL OF MS. 2 LOCHBAUM'S WATER CONSUMPTION?

Q.

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I would say that it is high, particularly when compared to the average monthly consumption of other customers in Dutchman Shores. Attached to my testimony as Exhibit "C" is a chart showing Ms. Lochbaum's billed water consumption in gallons from the inception of her account in October of 2006 through the month she filed her complaint, which was January of 2009. During that period, her average monthly consumption was sixteen thousand five hundred twenty-seven (16,527) gallons, although consumption fluctuated considerably from month to month. As this chart reflects, Ms. Lochbaum has had many months where her consumption was in the tens of thousands of gallons and that her consumption in October of both 2007 and 2008 decreased dramatically from the prior two months. By contrast, I would further note that average monthly consumption in Dutchman Shores subdivision during the one-year period ending December 31, 2008, was five thousand seven hundred twenty (5,720) gallons per month, which is almost two-thirds less than Ms. Lochbaum's average.

WHAT COMMENT DO YOU HAVE ABOUT MS. LOCHBAUM'S SUGGESTION THAT DELAYED BILLING PLAYED A PART IN THE LEVEL OF HER CONSUMPTION?

Given Ms. Lochbaum's consumption history, I would say that the delay in her billings last summer had no impact on her consumption. She is historically a high user and is obviously attuned to what her statements from USSC reflect in terms of her billed water consumption. She has not previously complained to the Commission about billed

consumption, even when it was in multiples of tens of thousands of gallons.

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Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY COMMENT REGARDING MS LOCHBAUM'S TESTIMONY THAT USSC IS COLLECTING FROM CUSTOMERS IN THE PASS-THROUGH MORE THAN IT IS BEING BILLED BY THE CITY OF COLUMBIA FOR BULK WATER?

Yes. Contrary to Ms. Lochbaum's assertion, customers are not being charged more than what is billed to the Company by the City of Columbia. USSC passes the cost of this bulk water through to customers on a pro rata basis without mark-up. USSC does not earn any return on these charges and only recovers its cost in accordance with the Commission approved rate schedule.

WOULD YOU PLEASE ELABORATE ON THAT ANSWER?

Certainly. As the Commission is aware, USSC is authorized under Section One of its approved rate schedule to pass through the full amount it is charged for bulk water by the City of Columbia on a pro rata basis without markup. We do this by spreading the City's charge among all customers in the subdivision based upon their individual metered consumption relative to the metered consumption of all customers in the billing period. Because the City bills USSC for the bulk water the City provides in arrears, the consumption metered at customer premises will not be for the same period of time as the bulk metered consumption. This leads to fluctuations in the pass-through amount shown as the water supply charge on customers' bills. In addition, the bulk charges imposed by the City can also fluctuate. This causes further variances in the amount of pass-through charges to customers.

1 Q. ON THE SECOND PAGE OF EXHIBIT "B" TO MS. LOCHBAUM'S TESTIMONY, 2 **CUSTOMER METERED CONSUMPTION** IN **DUTCHMAN SHORES** 3 SUBDIVISION DURING THE TWELVE MONTH PERIOD OF SEPTEMBER 10. 2007, TO AUGUST 11, 2008, IS ASSERTED TO BE EIGHT MILLION SEVEN 4 5 HUNDRED SEVENTEEN THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED FIFTY-TWO GALLONS 6 (8,717,252); IS THIS CORRECT?

No, it is not. As is shown on the first page of that exhibit, customer metered consumption in Dutchman Shores during that period was actually nine million four hundred two thousand seventy-two gallons (9,402,072), which is a figure I personally verified from Company records. It appears to me that Ms. Lochbaum "backed into" the lower figure shown on page two of her exhibit by taking an average pass-through charge of three dollars and eighty nine cents (\$3.89) and then dividing the City of Columbia's total bulk water charge of thirty three thousand eight hundred and ninety dollars (\$33,890) by that number.

IS THIS A VALID CALCULATION?

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No, it is not. The bulk consumption period reflected on page two of her exhibit does not coincide with the customer metered consumption period Ms. Lochbaum appears to have used to calculate an average pass-through charge. In other words, Ms. Lochbaum is comparing charges for bulk consumption with charges for customer consumption over different time periods. Also, this calculation overstates the amount of unaccounted for water during that twelve month period. Having said that, the Company recognizes that unaccounted for water is a legitimate concern and has a proposal to address that concern.

Q. WHAT IS THIS PROPOSAL?

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The Company proposes that it be allowed to estimate monthly bulk billings by the City of Columbia to generate a "real time" water supply charge for customer bills. We would do this by taking readings of the bulk meter serving the Dutchman Shores subdivision immediately prior to the issuance of our customer bills and use these readings to estimate that month's cost of bulk water provided by the City. The pass-through amount would be based upon that estimated charge. After the end of each twelve month period in which this process is followed, the Company would add up the total charges imposed by the City and "true up" any difference, positive or negative, between the estimate and actual bulk water charge imposed by the City of Columbia, adjusted for any known system usage or documented leaks not metered to customers, an unaccounted for water allowance of 10% of the bulk metered gallonage, and any changes in the City's rates. The true-up would be effected by a credit or surcharge as appropriate on the first monthly customer bill following the annual period. The Company believes that this is a reasonable means of addressing unaccounted for water levels in excess of the 10% standard and will also address the fact that charges for bulk water and charges to USSC's customers are based on different time periods. In other words, the passthrough will be closer to real-time in its application and alleviate the effect of different consumption periods on billing. I have attached as Exhibit "D" an example of how the current method affects customer bills and how this proposal, if implemented, will address the concern.

Q. WHY IS A TRUE-UP NEEDED?

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- A. In addition to adjusting for unaccounted for water in excess of 10%, there needs to be
 a means whereby increases in bulk water charges by the City which are either not noticed or
 imposed in the middle of a billing or consumption cycle can be addressed. It will also
 provide a means for an annual accounting which can be audited.
- Q. MS. LOCHBAUM STATES THAT USSC CLAIMED THAT ITS CUSTOMERS
 WERE ONLY SUPPOSED TO SEE A WATER SUPPLY CHARGE OF TWO
 DOLLARS AND EIGHTY NINE CENT PER ONE THOUSAND GALLONS AS A
 RESULT OF THE COMMISSION'S APPROVAL OF THE PASS-THROUGH
 PROVISION OF THE COMPANY RATE SCHEDULE IN 2005; IS THAT
 CORRECT?
 - No. Ms. Lochbaum's testimony cites a pass-through amount that was calculated by ORS with respect to a rate case brought by USSC in 2005. However, neither ORS nor USSC asserted in that proceeding that the amount of bulk water costs recovered from customers would be set based upon the then current per thousand gallon charge imposed by bulk suppliers on USSC. In fact, both USSC's rate schedule and the ORS testimony exhibit described in Ms. Lochbaum's testimony specify that the bulk supply charges will be passed through "on a pro rata basis without markup." This language clearly permits USSC to pass through to customers the entire dollar amount of a bill of a bulk supplier in an amount proportionate to their consumption and that is exactly what the Company has done. And, USSC is not limited to recovering only the supplier's applicable per thousand gallon charge as Ms. Lochbaum's Exhibit "B" suggests. The ORS testimony exhibit she relies upon

contemplates that the bulk rate will change inasmuch as it states that bulk charges may contain a base facility charge and a commodity charge imposed by the bulk supplier. Therefore, in those situations, the per-thousand gallon charge passed through by USSC would necessarily be higher than the supplier's commodity charge.

Q.

A.

IS MS. LOCHBAUM CORRECT IN HER CONTENTION THAT USSC CUSTOMERS HAVE BEEN CHARGED MORE IN PASS-THROUGH CHARGES THAN THE CITY OF COLUMBIA HAS BILLED USSC?

No. Attached to my testimony as Exhibit "E" is a chart showing the amount USSC collected from customers in Dutchman Shores Subdivision in pass-through charges in the fifteen month period beginning September 2007 and ending November of 2008. This period includes the time frame relating to the bulk charges imposed by the City of Columbia for the twelve month bulk billing period of September 2007 through August 2008 that Ms. Lochbaum uses on page two of her Exhibit "B." As can be seen from this chart, in any twelve months during this fifteen month period, USSC passed through to customers an amount that never exceeded the City's bulk charge to USSC by more than 1.7% and in two of these twelve month periods, the amount passed through was actually 5% less than the amount of the City's bulk charge. Also, this chart demonstrates that the average amount passed through to customers for twelve months during this fifteen month period is \$33,280.75, which is less than the amount passed through by the City as shown on Ms. Lochbaum's Exhibit "B". My Exhibit "E" includes periods that go beyond the twelve months selected by Ms. Lochbaum to take into account the fact that USSC receives bulk bills in arrears and

	passes them through to customers in arrears. Also, it is necessary to do so to address the
2	delayed billing problems which manifested themselves in July of 2008.

Q.

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MR. HAAS, WHY WOULD THERE BE DIFFERENCES IN THE AMOUNTS PASSED THROUGH AND THE CITY'S BULK CHARGES SUCH AS THOSE YOU JUST DESCRIBED?

These differences can be attributable to adjustments in customer bills, adjustments in bulk bills, customer accounts being closed, changes in bulk rates and a variety of other factors. I would note that if the Commission approves the Company's proposed "real time" billing of bulk water charges passed through to customers, the consumption periods shown on my Exhibit "E" could be matched to bulk billing periods of the type shown on Ms. Lochbaum's Exhibit "B".

Finally, the total charges passed through to USSC's distribution customers will vary due to the fact that the governmental suppliers charge for the total amount of water supplied. This amount includes water consumed by the customers, accounted for water, which includes documented flushing and leaks on the system, and unaccounted for water. Because this amount can vary from month to month, the proportionate amount passed through to customers will similarly vary and affect the monthly pass through amount.

MS. LOCHBAUM'S TESTIMONY IMPLIES THAT USSC IS NOT COMPLYING WITH THE PROCEDURE APPROVED BY THE COMMISSION FOR SERVICE RENDERED BY KIAWAH ISLAND UTILITY; IS USSC REQUIRED TO FOLLOW THE SAME PROCEDURE?

No. The rate schedule approved by the Commission for Kiawah Island Utility, or

"KIU", does not contain a pass-through. As described in Order No. 2002-285, the Commission permits KIU to increase its approved rate for water service to a customer by the amount of any documented increase in the cost of purchased water acquired by KIU from the St. John's Water Company. This process allows KIU to avoid the need to periodically request rate relief in order to adjust its rates to recover increases in its recurring purchased water expense. I would note that KIU only serves one area and purchases all of its bulk water from a single supplier. By contrast, the pass-through provision in USSC's approved rate schedule is a means by which the charges imposed by multiple providers of bulk water to USSC are passed through directly to the customers receiving bulk water. As the Commission is aware, USSC serves over 82 systems in eight counties using a number of bulk providers. Therefore, the amount of bulk charges for USSC can change on a monthly basis and USSC's Commission approved tariff allowing the Company to pass through changes in the amount of bulk water costs when they occur is appropriate.

Q.

A.

IS THE COMPANY OPPOSED TO CHANGING THE PASS THROUGH PROVISION IN ITS RATE SCHEDULE AS THE MS. LOCHBAUM REQUESTS?

Yes, but let me qualify my answer to that question by saying that rate design is a matter within the discretion of the Commission. I would note, however, that elimination of the pass-through provision would necessarily result in these costs being recovered through the Company's base rates and would result in increases in monthly bills for some customers and decreases in monthly bills for other customers. Furthermore, such a revision in the Company's currently approved rate schedule would affect all USSC rate payers and could, therefore, only be addressed in a general rate making proceeding.

Q. WHAT IS YOUR RESPONSE TO MS. LOCHBAUM'S REQUEST THAT USSC BE REQUIRED TO PROVIDE REIMBURSEMENT TO HER?

Q.

A.

A.

Ms. Lochbaum makes the general allegation that "USSC should share in the responsibility for [her] extremely high water consumption." I have already commented on Ms. Lochbaum's consumption history, which I believe explains her consumption levels. Moreover, Ms. Lochbaum does not provide any evidence that the water supplied was not used by her, or that USSC is somehow responsible for her excessive water use. Despite her long history of heavy usage, Ms. Lochbaum did not previously take any steps to "investigate or manage [her] high consumption" and it would be unreasonable for USSC to reimburse Ms. Lochbaum for water which she does not deny consuming.

MS. LOCHBAUM FURTHER REQUESTS THAT THE COMMISSION REVERSE
THE PASS THROUGH MECHANISM RETROACTIVELY FROM THE DATE OF
ITS INCEPTION AND ASSERTS THAT THIS WILL RESULT IN A CREDIT TO
HER AND OTHER CUSTOMERS; WHAT COMMENT DO YOU HAVE ON THIS
REQUEST AND ASSERTION?

As I have previously explained, the Company has applied the pass through provision of its Commission approved rate schedule appropriately and has recovered from customers no more than the costs incurred by USSC in obtaining bulk water from the City of Columbia. Therefore, any requirement that USSC credit or refund customer accounts would result in an impermissible retroactive reduction of these customers' rates. Furthermore, while Ms. Lochbaum suggests that such a reimbursement would result in a credit for herself and other distribution-only customers, many other customers, including USSC's full service customers,

would necessarily be subjected to rate **increases** in order to reflect the inclusion of bulk water expenses in USSC's general rate structure. Also, if such a refund were allowed, USSC should similarly be allowed to recover the cost of the refund resulting in a one-time assessment from the rest of its customer base; otherwise, the Company would be unable to recover its already incurred expenses and would not be allowed to earn a fair return on its investment. Such a request by Ms. Lochbaum is clearly unreasonable, would work an undue hardship on the Company and many of its other customers throughout South Carolina, and is simply inconsistent with long-standing regulatory practices.

A.

Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY FURTHER RESPONSE TO MS. LOCHBAUM'S TESTIMONY REGARDING UNACCOUNTED FOR WATER?

Yes, I do. Ms. Lochbaum states that USSC has experienced "extreme water loss" in the Dutchman Shores subdivision. In order to address this allegation, it is first important to understand how and where water is consumed and used on a water system. Water supply is primarily consumed by customers and is directly recorded through the use of water meters which register the gallons each customer consumes. However, certain amounts of water are also consumed by the utility in its provision of water service. This water consumption is typically referred to as "non-account water" and includes water consumed by the utility to flush water lines so as to provide safe and reliable water service. USSC performs regular flushing to ensure the provision of safe and reliable water service by removing buildup of minerals and other deposits and improving water quality. A flushing program such as that employed by USSC and approved by the South Carolina Department of Environmental Control necessarily consumes large amounts of water on the system which contributes to the

amount of water purchased from bulk suppliers.

Non-account water also includes documented water loss incurred due to main breaks or leaks. While USSC employs a maintenance program and a capital improvements program on its water systems, the nature of providing utility water services unfortunately results in unavoidable main breaks and water leaks. In accordance with the American Waterworks Association, or AWWA, standard, water consumed as a result of leaks or breaks is properly included as non-account water when the Company can identify the amount of water lost.

The remaining amount of water is typically referred to as "unaccounted for water." Unaccounted for water largely consists of undetected leaks or other forms of water loss. For example, as I testified in the Company's most recent rate case, USSC became aware of leaks on only a few of its systems which went undetected for a period of time. Unfortunately, these leaks did not manifest themselves in surface water ponding and, as such, were very difficult to locate. In order to limit water loss from these types of events, the Company undertook a water audit in accordance with AWWA standards in all systems where unaccounted for water either exceeds the 10% standard deemed acceptable by the AWWA or was a negative number. In addition, in all water systems that exceeded that standard, the Company implemented a leak detection program and began recording all account water use, requested permission of bulk water providers to test their master meters, and compared those test results to customer meters, in order to assist in determining the cause of both excess unaccounted for water and negative unaccounted for water.

Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH THE CALCULATION SHOWN ON PAGE ONE OF MS. LOCHBAUM'S TESTIMONY EXHIBIT "B" THAT UNACCOUNTED FOR WATER

IN DUTCHMAN SHORES SUBDIVISION WAS 13.23% FOR THE TWELVE-

MONTH PERIOD ENDING AUGUST 2008?

3 A. Yes. But I would note that the unaccounted for water for the twelve-month period ending October 2008 is only 4.72% using the figures shown on that exhibit.

WHY IS THAT SIGNIFICANT?

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Because it demonstrates that unaccounted for water figures will vary from time to time over any given twelve month period. The Commission has previously accepted a 10% unaccounted for water standard as being reasonable and appropriate in its Order Number 2002-866 in Docket Number 2002-239-W/S, dated December 23, 2002. Therefore, I disagree that the Dutchman Shores subdivision has experienced "extreme water loss" as Ms. Lochbaum asserts.

WOULD YOU PLEASE ADDRESS THE PORTION OF MS. LOCHBAUM'S TESTIMONY REGARDING THE AMOUNT OF WATER USED BY USSC IN FLUSHING THE DUTCHMAN SHORES SYSTEM?

Yes. Ms. Lochbaum questions how system flushing could use exactly 40,000 gallons during each of flushing. The number of gallons used in system flushing is calculated based upon estimated flows from either hydrants or "blow-offs. Because the Company's operators have years of experience in the field performing what is a necessary and routine maintenance task, we believe these estimates are reasonable in calculating the amount of water consumed during flushing. Ms. Lochbaum also suggests that the Company should record the exact amount of water consumed through flushing by reading the master meter before and after flushing. This procedure is not feasible, however, as a review of flow at a bulk master meter

will not record gallons used in flushing since flow at the master meter would simultaneously reflect both customer consumption and system usage. ORS has suggested that the Company meter individual blow-off valves and hydrants in Dutchman Shores. USSC is of the view that this is not necessary and would be unduly expensive. In addition to the reliability of the estimates made by our operators based on their years of experience in the field which makes such an effort unnecessary, the cost to do this would be significant. Each of our field staff would be required to have two types of meters, one for hydrants and one for blow-offs, that would cost about \$600 to \$800 each with necessary fittings. All of the blow-offs would need to be upgraded so as to allow the installation of a "flushing meter." The total cost could run in excess of \$25,000 if this is required.

Q.

A.

DO YOU HAVE ANY COMMENTS WITH RESPECT TO MS. LOCHBAUM'S TESTIMONY THAT USSC HAS ATTEMPTED TO "HIDE" WATER LOSS?

Yes. The first page of Exhibit "B" to Ms. Lochbaum's testimony is based upon a spreadsheet USSC provided to ORS. Ms. Lochbaum suggests that USSC added data for the months of September and October 2008 in an attempt to "defray the appearance of 'extreme' water loss. This is untrue. As I have previously stated, USSC experienced billing difficulties in June and July of 2008 when it implemented its CCB program. As I have also previously mentioned, customer consumption associated with USSC's billing cycles do not precisely match the time periods associated with the City of Columbia bulk bills to USSC. This is best exemplified in the percentage of unaccounted-for water experienced in September 2008 shown on Ms. Lochbaum's Exhibit B. There, the exhibit reflects that the Company sold approximately 50% more water than it purchased from its bulk supplier, the City of

Columbia. This large deviation clearly results in part from a timing discrepancy between bills rendered by the bulk supplier and bills rendered by USSC. Therefore, in order to provide a more accurate picture of unaccounted for account water in the Dutchman Shores system, I felt it necessary to include the additional data from September and October 2008 to correct this discrepancy. I would note that Ms. Lochbaum seeks to use data for a twelve month period which excludes September and October of 2008; but when those months are included in a twelve month period, unaccounted for water in the Dutchman Shores Subdivision is only 4.72% — which is far below the AWWA 10% standard and the standard the Commission has observed.

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Q.

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10 Q. ARE YOU AWARE OF ANY INVESTIGATION OF POTENTIAL WATER LOSS IN 11 THE DUTCHMAN SHORES SUBDIVISION?

Yes. We conducted our own investigation and found no evidence of significant system leaks. Also, I am aware that that ORS has investigated and studied unaccounted for water issues on USSC's entire system, including Dutchman Shores. USSC has fully cooperated with ORS in this study and provided copies of all documentation requested.

WOULD YOU PLEASE ADDRESS MS. LOCHBAUM'S ALLEGATION THAT USSC MAY BE USING MORE THAN AN APPROPRIATE PORTION OF EMPLOYEE LABOR COSTS FOR JUSTIFICATION IN THE USSC RATE CASES?

Yes. As the Commission is well aware from its nearly thirty years of experience regulating subsidiaries of UI, Water Service Corporation, or WSC, is a wholly owned subsidiary of UI that provides management services to USSC and other operating subsidiaries in the sixteen states where UI has operations. These services include

management, administration, engineering, accounting, billing, data processing, and regulatory services for the utility systems and are provided on the basis of a service agreement that has been in effect for a number of years. Some expenses of WSC are charged directly to the affiliated utility companies, while other expenses are classified as indirect charges and are allocated to the operating companies via various allocation procedures which have long been approved by the Commission. This allocation method helps ensure that each subsidiary, and, therefore, each customer, bears its proportionate share of the costs related to WSC's services. While WSC employees may perform work and services for several UI subsidiaries in South Carolina, the costs related to this labor is either directly charged to those companies or is allocated among the subsidiaries as appropriate. As the Commission's decisions through the years accepting this arrangement reflect, this process is cost efficient since it avoids duplication of these services and functions for each operating subsidiary. This conclusion is tested in each rate case by an audit of the allocations and the records of WSC. Therefore, Ms. Lochbaum's suggestion that the Company is recovering more than appropriate portion of labor costs from its customers is incorrect and contrary to this Commission's previous findings with respect to USSC and the other UI entities in South Carolina.

Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

19 A. Yes.

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August 7, 2008

RE: IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING YOUR WATER AND/OR SEWER BILL

As previously announced, our company implemented a new Customer Care and Billing system approximately 60 days ago. There are many enhancements in our new system that will help us better serve our customers:

- Ability for real time dispatching of service requests to reduce service disruption time
- Increased operating efficiency
- Cleaner bill design which includes itemization of billing charges, graphs for consumption and billing history
- Billing more closely linked to the usage period, so customers can change their usage or detect possible leaks earlier

Transitioning to a new billing program requires an extensive amount of planning. Even with all of the planning that went towards the implementation of our new system, we experienced some unforeseen issues and have taken the necessary steps to resolve them. During the past 60 days, some of our customers may have experienced a few issues for which we would like to provide you an update:

- A small number of customers may have experienced a delayed first bill cycle, which then shortened
 the timeframe for their second bill or were billed for two periods together. This issue should be
 resolved after you have received your first two bills.
- Some customer bills may have been delayed or not received. If any of the system start-up issues have caused a late fee to be assessed to your account, they will be automatically waived. You do not need to call Customer Service to be credited for the late fee; these specific late fees will be credited on an upcoming bill.
- The initial system conversion has caused a greater number of bills to be estimated during this time and in most cases, underestimated. The impact of this is that customers may see a higher subsequent bill when the actual read is taken. If you are not on an increasing tiered usage rate, your account will be current after you receive a bill based on an actual reading. You are not being billed for any water you have not used, you are just being billed later for that usage. If you DO have an increasing tiered usage rate and your usage was estimated, Customer Service is reviewing your bill and you will receive an adjustment on an upcoming bill. In either case, no action is required on your part.

As a result of this change, we temporarily received a higher than usual call volume and longer than desired wait times. We value our relationship we have with each of our customers and I apologize for any inconvenience that this transition period may have caused you. We know your time is important. It is our expectation that our new Customer Care and Billing system will be a vast improvement over our prior system and I welcome feedback from you at president.ccb@uiwater.com. In addition, further information can be found at www.uiwater.com/ccbfag.php.

As always, we look forward to our continued relationships and providing you with the high level of service you have come to expect from Utilities, Inc.

noce N. Schmond

Sincerely,

Larry Schumacher President and CEO

Exhibit B Page 1 of 3

Haas Direct Testimony: 2009-39-W

Building Code Ordinance

County of Lexington



Haas Direct Testimony: 2009-39-W

and related accessories as covered in this code. These requirements apply to gas piping systems extending from the point of delivery to the inlet connections of appliances and the installation and operation of residential and commercial gas appliances and related accessories.

- **1.4.3 Mechanical**. The provisions of the *International Mechanical Code* shall apply to the installation, alterations, repairs and replacement of mechanical systems, including equipment, appliances, fixtures, fittings and/or appurtenances, including ventilating, heating, cooling, airconditioning and refrigeration systems, incinerators and other energy-related systems.
- **1.4.4 Plumbing.** The provisions of the *International Plumbing Code* shall apply to the installation, alteration, repair and replacement of plumbing systems, including equipment, appliances, fixtures, fittings and appurtenances, and where connected to a water or sewage system and all aspects of a medical gas system.
- **1.4.5** Fire Prevention. The provisions of the *International Fire Code* shall apply to matters affecting or relating to structures, processes and premises from the hazard of fire and explosion arising from the storage, handling or use of structures, materials or devices; from conditions hazardous to life, property or public welfare in the occupancy of structures or premises; and from the construction, extension, repair, alteration or removal of fire suppression and alarm systems or fire hazards in the structure or on the premises from occupancy or operation.
- 1.4.6 Energy Conservation. The provisions of the International Energy Code shall regulate the design of building envelopes for adequate thermal resistance and low air leakage and the design and selection of mechanical, electrical, service water-heating, and illumination systems and equipment which will enable effective use of energy in new building construction. It is intended that these provisions provide flexibility to permit the use of innovative approaches and techniques to achieve effective utilization of energy.

Exhibit B Page 3 of 3

Haas Direct Testimony: 2009-39-W

SECTION 604 DESIGN OF BUILDING WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

604.8 Water-pressure reducing valve or regulator. Where water pressure within a building exceeds 80 psi (552 kPa) static, an approved water-pressure reducing valve conforming to ASSE 1003 with strainer shall be installed to reduce the pressure in the building water distribution piping to 80 psi (552 kPa) static or less.

Exception: Service lines to sill cocks and outside hydrants, and main supply risers where pressure from the mains is reduced to 80 psi (552 kPa) or less at individual fixtures.

604.8.1 Valve design. The pressure-reducing valve shall be designed to remain open to permit uninterrupted water flow in case of valve failure.

Bill Date	Service Period_	Consumption
	Ended	in Gallons
11/14/2006	10/23/2006	2260
12/13/2006	11/20/2006	2650
1/9/2007	12/25/2006	
2/8/2007	1/24/2007	3020
3/7/2007	2/22/2007	17530
4/9/2007	3/21/2007	6840
5/9/2007	4/19/2007	14020
6/6/2007	5/23/2007	8130
7/9/2007	6/20/2007	5780
8/7/2007	7/25/2007	31580
9/10/2007	8/21/2007	50660
10/9/2007	9/24/2007	28430
11/7/2007	10/24/2007	9600
12/10/2007	11/21/2007	4830
1/10/2008	12/23/2007	82940
2/8/2008	1/21/2008	4260
3/7/2008	2/20/2008	4140
4/7/2008	3/23/2008	4510
5/8/2008	4/24/2008	10920
6/18/2008	5/21/2008	19160
9/22/2008	7/25/2008	65100
10/26/2008	9/22/2008	33880
12/11/2008	10/21/2008	8700
1/15/2009	11/21/2008	3720
3/3/2009	12/17/2008	3110
3/26/2009	1/20/2009	3930
Λ	erage	16527

	Current Method of Recov	d of Recovering Pass through Amount by Using Delayed Bulk Bill	by Using Delayed Bulk Bill	
	April Customer Bill Using Actual December Bulk Bill	April Customer Bill Using Actual February Bulk Bill	August Customer Bill Using Actual June Bulk Bill	October Customer Bill Using Actual August Bulk Bill
Number of Customers in				
Subdivision	100	100	100	100
Assumed Metered				
Consumption per				
Customer (gallons)	000'9	10,000	10.000	000 9
Amount of Bulk Bill to				
USSC	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$5.000.00	\$5,000,000
Per 1000 Gallon Pass				
Through Charge	\$3.33	\$2.00	\$5.00	\$8.33
Customer Pro Rata Share				
of Bulk Bill Based on				
Current Month				
Consumption	\$20.00	\$20.00	\$50.00	\$50.00

	Proposed Method of Rec	hod of Recovering Pass Through Amount by Estimating Bulk Bill	int by Estimating Bulk Bill	
	August Customer Bill	October Customer Bill	February Customer Bill	
	Using Estimated August	Using Estimated October	Using Estimated February	April Customer Bill Using
	Bulk Bill	Bulk Bill	Bulk Bill	Estimated April Bulk Bill
Number of Customers in				-
Subdivision	100	100	100	100
Assumed Metered				
Consumption per				
Customer (gallons)	10,000	000'9	000'9	10.000
Amount of Bulk Bill to				
USSC	\$5,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$2.000.00	\$5,000,00
Per 1000 Gallon Pass				
Through Charge	\$5.00	\$3.33	\$3.33	\$5.00
Customer Pro Rata Share				
of Bulk Bill Based on				
Current Month				
Consumption	\$50.00	\$20.00	\$20.00	\$50.00

Pass-through Amounts				
Year	Month	Pass-through Total		
2007				
	9	\$ 4,664.52		
	10	\$ 3,898.58		
	11	\$ 3,188.25		
	12	\$ 2,628.60		
2008				
	1	\$ 2,685.93		
	2	\$ 2,577.41		
	3	\$ 2,455.52		
	4	\$ 2,170.22		
	5	\$ 2,419.12		
	6	\$ 2,533.65		
	7	\$ 17.74		
	8	\$ 2,856.20		
	9	\$ 6,987.37		
	10	\$ 1,593.73		
	11	\$ 5,569.45		
Total		\$ 46,246.29		

	Total Pass-through	Percentage of Total
	Amount during	Bulk Bill
12-month Period	Period	(\$33,890.66)
9/2007 to 8/2008	\$32,095.74	94.70%
10/2007 to 9/2008	\$34,418.59	101.56%
11/2007 to 10/2008	\$32,113.74	94.76%
12/2007 to 11/2008	\$34,494.94	101.78%
Total	\$133,123.01	
Average 12-month		
Billing Period Pass-		
through Amount	\$33,280.75	98.20%

BEFORE

THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF

SOUTH CAROLINA

DOCKET NO. 2009-39-W

IN RE:

	Lisa	Lochbaum,	
		Complainant/Petitioner)	CONDITIONAL
		v.)	DIRECT TESTIMONY
	T Teili	ties Services of South Carolina, Inc.,	OF
	Oth)	BRUCE T. HAAS
		Defendant/Respondent.)	
1	Q.	ARE YOU THE SAME BRUCE	T. HAAS THAT HAS PREFILED DIRECT
2		TESTIMONY IN THIS MATTER?	
3	A.	Yes, I am.	
4	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOU	UR CONDITIONAL DIRECT TESTIMONY IN
5		THIS PROCEEDING, MR. HAAS?	
6	A.	The purpose of my conditional of	lirect testimony is to address allegations made by Ms.
7		Lochbaum in her prefiled direct testimo	ny regarding adjustments made by Utilities Services
8		of South Carolina, Inc. ("USSC") on the	e accounts of two properties in the Dutchman Shores
9		subdivision.	
10			
			and the second s

1	Q.	WHY IS THIS	TESTIMONY	BEING	FILED	AS	"CONDITIONAL"	DIRECT
2		TESTIMONY?						

3 A. It is my understanding that portions of Ms. Lochbaum's testimony may be 4 objectionable on the grounds of hearsay. If her testimony is not allowed, then this testimony would not be necessary.

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Q.

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DO YOU HAVE ANY RESPONSE TO MS. LOCHBAUM'S ALLEGATION THAT USSC DID NOT MAKE AN ADJUSTMENT TO THE CUSTOMER'S ACCOUNT AT 103 HARDING STREET IN THE DUTCHMAN SHORES SUBDIVISION?

Yes. Contrary to Ms. Lochbaum's testimony that the resident at 103 Harding Street did not receive a credit for a water leak at her property, USSC's billing records, a copy of which is attached to my conditional direct testimony as Exhibit A, demonstrates that, on March 19, 2008, USSC credited this customer for a water leak of 895 gallons.

DO YOU HAVE ANY RESPONSE TO MS. LOCHBAUM'S TESTIMONY THAT Q. WATER CONSUMPTION SHOWN ON A MISREAD METER SHOULD NOT BE COUNTED AS PART OF ACCOUNTED WATER LOSS?

Yes, Ms. Lochbaum is mistaken in this regard. In January 2008, a misread meter at 132 Harding Street in the Dutchman Shores subdivision incorrectly reflected that the customer had consumed 75,196 gallons of water more than was actually consumed. The misreading had the effect of inflating the amount of water sold to customers by 75,196 gallons. As is shown on Exhibit B of Ms. Lochbaum's direct testimony, the inflated consumption suggested that more water was sold to customers than was actually purchased from bulk suppliers; therefore, the Company's unaccounted for water calculations incorrectly

reflected a negative amount of unaccounted for water for the month of January 2008. In order to correct this discrepancy and to offset the misread gallonage of water which was included in January 2008, an adjustment was made to the March 2008 unaccounted for water calculations. This adjustment had the effect of simply offsetting the incorrect meter reading in January 2008. If this adjustment had not been made and was not reflected in the data shown in Ms. Lochbaum's Exhibit B, the total amount of unaccounted for water shown would actually be understated.

8 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

9 A. Yes.

BEFORE

THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF

SOUTH CAROLINA

DOCKET NO. 2009-39-W

IN RE:)
T ' - T11)
Lisa Lochbaum,)
Complainant/Petitioner)
) CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
v.)
)
Utilities Services of South Carolina, Inc.,)
Defendant/Respondent)
	_)

This is to certify that I have caused to be served this day one (1) copy of the **Direct**Testimony of Bruce T. Haas and Conditional Direct Testimony of Bruce T. Haas in the abovereferenced action by placing same in the care and custody of the United States Postal Service with
first class postage affixed thereto and addressed as follows:

Lisa Lochbaum 221 Dutchman Shores Circle Chapin, SC 29036

Jeffrey M. Nelson, Esquire
Office of Regulatory Staff
Post Office Box 11263
Columbia, South Carolina 29211

Clark Fancher
Clark Fancher

Columbia, South Carolina This 6th day of July, 2009.